Case Number 13-30849-lkg

#### UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Southern District of Illinois

# Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on 5/6/13. You may be a creditor of the debtor.

A chapter 7 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on 5/6/13. You may be a creditor of the debtor. **This notice lists important deadlines.** You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

Creditors — Do not file this notice in connection with any proof of claim you submit to the court.

See Reverse Side For Important Explanations.

#### Debtor(s) name(s) and address:

Kenne A Kibort aka Ken Kibort 45 Oak Hill Dr. Apt 12 Belleville, IL 62223

Case Number: 13–30849–lkg
Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address):

Jerry D Graham Jr J D Graham 1103 Frontage Road O'Falbo, IL 62269

**Telephone number:** (618) 235–9800

SSN/ITIN: xxx-xx-4972

Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): Donald M. Samson Chapter 7 Trustee 226 W Main St Suite 102

Belleville, IL 62220 Telephone number: (618) 235–2226

**Meeting of Creditors:** 

**Date:** June 28, 2013 **Time:** 09:30 AM

Location:

US Trustee 341 Meeting Rm, Ground Floor Federal Building, 650 Missouri Ave, East St. Louis, IL 62201

## Presumption of Abuse under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)

See "Presumption of Abuse" on the reverse side.

The presumption of abuse does not arise.

## **Deadlines**

Papers must be received by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:

Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge Dischargeability of Certain Debts:

8/27/13

**Deadline to Object to Exemptions:** 

Thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors.

## **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions**

In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

## **Secured Creditors**

Secured creditors claiming security interest in assets are hereby directed to forward to the trustee before said meeting a copy of their security agreement with copies of supporting documents; i.e., UCC, vehicle titles, mortgages, etc., indicating the balance owing.

## **Creditor with a Foreign Address**

A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time" on the reverse side.

#### Please Do Not File a Proof of Claim Unless You Receive a Notice To Do So.

Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk's Office: United States Bankruptcy Court 750 Missouri Avenue

East St. Louis, IL 62201

For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:

Donna N Beyersdorfer

Telephone number: 618–482–9400

Hours Open: Monday - Friday 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM

Date: 5/7/13

## EXPLANATIONS

Social sectionly finding. A private sinches does NOT quality as proud or social sectinity findings. Painter to do so may result in dismissal of your case.  Language interpretation of the meeting of creditors will be provided to the debtor at no cost, upon request of the trustee, through a telephone interpreter service. These services may not be available at all \$341 meeting rooms.  Filing of Chapter 7 Bankrupty Case under chapter 7 of the Bankrupty Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.  Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankrupty Code §382. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions include contacting the debtor of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor or property from the debtor; exposses sing the debtor's wages. Under certain actions are listed in the property from the debtor and request the court to extend or impose a stay.  A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filed with the court.  There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay preditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim. If this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.  Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled	EXPLANATIONS	
request of the trustee, through a telepfone interpreter service. These services may not be available at all §341 meeting rooms.  Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case  A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed an this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.  Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code §362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions include contacting the debtor or property from the debtor; reposessing the debtor's property, starting actions to collect money or of obtain property from the debtor; reposessing the debtor's property, starting actions to collect money or of obtain property from the debtor; reposessing the debtor sproperty, starting actions to collect money or of obtain property from the debtor; reposessing the debtor sproperty, starting actions to collect money or of obtain property from the debtor; reposessing the debtor sproperty, starting actions to collect money or of obtain property available to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court or extend the death of 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court or extend the specified on a notice file dwith the court of the aproof of claim at mother incide telling you that you may like a proof of claim, and telling you will be sent another notice telling you that you may like a proof of claim, and telling you the vide and the death of the court of the deadline.  Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge should be demended to the court of the deadline.  Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is permitted	Debtor Instructions	identification: 1) a government issued photo ID (e.g. driver's license, passport); and 2) proof of debtor's social security number. A driver's license does NOT qualify as proof of social security number. Failure
Bankruptcy Case  in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.  Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment thising actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment thising actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment thising actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment the continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor are quest the court to extend or impose a stay.  A meeting of creditors  A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. The debtor (polit paguage in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and the proof of claim at a this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will not file a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, at this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, at this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that a debt ow		request of the trustee, through a telephone interpreter service. These services may not be available at
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; proposessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the count to extend or impose a stay.  A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filed with the court.  There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay creditors. You therefore should not file a proof of claim at this time. If I later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may lie a proof of claim, and telling you file a proof of claim. But the court to extend the deadline.  Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may rever try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is one elimited to under Bankruptcy Code §272(a) or that a set bankruptcy clarks office by the "Deadline to Object to Debtors' Discharge or to Challenge the Dischargeability of Certain Debts' isseed on the front of this form. The bankruptcy clarks office wust receive the complaint or motion and any required filing fee by that deadline.  Exempt Property  Exempt Property  Exempt Property  Exempt Property  The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to credition	Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	
Meeting of Creditors  (both spoises in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are velocome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filed with the court.  There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay creditors. You therefore should not file a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, and telling you the deadline for filing of Claim at This Time your proof of claim, if this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.  Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.  The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not a motion if you assert the discharge should be denied under §727 (a) (b) you must file a complaint — or a motion if you assert the discharge should be denied under §727 (a) (b) or (a) (9) — in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "beadline to Object to Debtors Sichcarge or to Challenge the Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front of this form. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint or motion and any required filing fee by that deadline.  Exempt Property  Exempt Property  Exempt Property  The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy (Foreix office.) If you believe that an	Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can
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you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code §727(a) or that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code §523(a)(2), (4), or (6), you must file a complaint — or a motion if you assert the discharge should be denied under §727 (a)(8) or (a)(9) — in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge the Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front of this form. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint or motion and any required filling fee by that deadline.  The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side. In cases converting to Chapter 7, review Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 1019(2)(B) for further information regarding Objections to Exemptions.  If the presumption of abuse arises, creditors may have the right to file a motion to dismiss the case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The debtor may rebut the presumption by showing special circumstances.  Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.  Copies of the Bankruptcy Petition and Schedules are available from the Clerk, U.S. Bankruptcy Code. The staff of the bankruptcy Clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this	Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time	not file a proof of claim at this time. If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, and telling you the deadline for filing your proof of claim. If this notice is mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.
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Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims  Creditors' Claims  Creditor with a Foreign Address  Case Information  To exempt. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.  Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.  Continuous updated case information can be obtained by calling the courts' Voice Case Information System (VCIS) at 1–866–222–8029.	Legal Advice	
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System (VCIS) at 1–866–222–8029.	Creditor with a Foreign Address	
Refer to Other Side for Important Deadlines and Notices	Case Information	
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